## TOO!ck 陪你迎戰呈分試

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A. Complete the sentences with the words given.

can	can't	could	couldn't	was/were able to
On entering the house Ismell something burning in the kitchen.				
2. Ann read by now; she's already six!				
3. I'm not very good at tennis, but yesterday Ibeat my brother.				
4. You run much faster when you were younger.				
5. Although the policeman ran very fast, the thiefescapes finally.				
could ha	ive + past partic	iple	couldn't have	e + past participle
6. He (be) at work yesterday. He was in Sydney, wasn't he?				Sydney, wasn't he?
7. She	(be	e) killed in the	car crash but luc	ckily she survived.
8. Why didn't you visit me in Tokyo? You (drop) in on me!				
9. You	9. You (do) it if you did try hard.			
10. The old man (kill) his wife! He was taken to the hospital.				
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must	mustn	ı't h	ave to	don't / didn't have to
11. You	1. You come if you don't want to.			
12. He	He be present at the lecture last Monday.			
13. I	13. Icall my friend Lucy, we haven't talked for a few days.			
14. We	turn over	turn over the test paper until the teachers tell us to do so.		
15. We	hurry ourselves. There's plenty of time!			

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would like	wouldn't mind			
16. She said shetelling me her name.				
17. Ibeing alo	one for a few days.			
18. The children	he childrenhave an easier test.			
19. Everyone	Everyoneto have a long vacation.			
20. Wedoing a few more exercises.				
dare	dare not need	need not		
21. Igo into tl	ne house alone – it's too da	rk.		
22. We help her, she can do it on her own.				
23. Ihim to feed the crocodiles.				
24. You think too much. Take it easy!				
25. Jamesus to join the marathon.				
B. Complete the sentences with "must" or "have to (in its correct form)".  Use negation if necessary. Some questions may have more than one answer.				
1. Well, it's 10.00. Igo now.				
2. Ann wasn't feeling well last night. Sheleave the party early.				
3. Some children wear uniforms when they go to school.				
4. Last night Daniel suddenly became ill. We call the doctor.				
5. I'm afraid I can't come tomorrow. Iwork late.				

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6. I'm sorry I could	n't come yesterday. I		work late.
7. Tom may	go away next	week.	
8. When you come	to Hong Kong again,	, you	come and see us.
9. I don't want any	one to know. You	tell	anyone what I said.
10. I	wear a tie to work, bu	t I usually do	
11. You	forget what I told	you. It's very	important.
12. I can stay in be	ed tomorrow morning	because I	work.
13. Whatever you	do, you	touch that sw	vitch. It's very dangerous.
14. She	get up so early or	working day	s. She gets up early
because she lil	kes to see the sunrise	<b>)</b> .	
	entences, keeping to be changed.	the meanin	g unchanged while the
1. It isn't necessary	y to do the ironing tod	ay. (use "dor	n't have to")
2. It would be a go	od idea for you to lea	ve early. (use	e "had better")
3. Nobody is allow	ed to leave until the e	xam has finis	shed. (use "mustn't")
4. There's no need	I for them to call the d	octor. (use "ı	needn't")



- 5. It's okay if you ask me to post the letter for you. (use "wouldn't mind")
- 6. It's possible that I have left my book on the desk. (use "could have")
- 7. It's impossible that he was in China because I saw him an hour ago. (use "couldn't have")
- 8. She had the ability to save the child before the car exploded. (use "be able to")

